

2023 MOCK 2 GOVERNMENT 1

PAPER 1

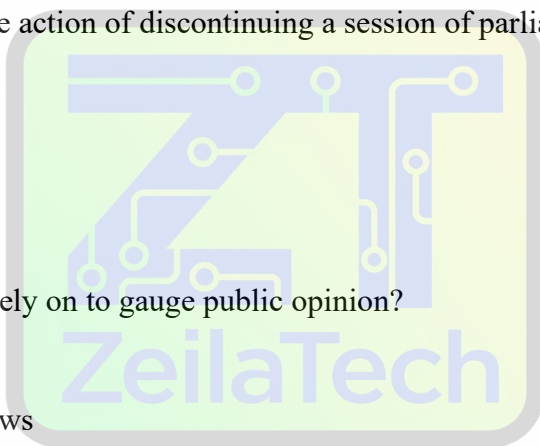
1 hour

[50 marks]

Answer **all** the questions.

Each question is followed by **four** options lettered A to D. Find out the correct option for **each** question and shade **in pencil** on your answer sheet, the answer space which bears the same letter as the option you have chosen. Give only **one** answer to **each** question.

1. Government as an academic field of study is subject in
 - a. Pure science
 - b. Social science
 - c. Environmental science
 - d. Natural science
2. What is the term given to the action of discontinuing a session of parliament or other legislative assembly without dissolving it?
 - a. Prorogation
 - b. Recess
 - c. Adjournment
 - d. Postponement
3. What does the mass media rely on to gauge public opinion?
 - a. Influential citizens
 - b. Polls and survey
 - c. Propaganda and interviews
 - d. Sensitive comments
4. Which of the following had a socialist system of government?
 - a. U.S.A
 - b. Britain
 - c. France
 - d. Japan
5. In which system of government are all the component units sovereign?
 - a. Confederal
 - b. Republican
 - c. Monarchical
 - d. Federal
6. A situation where people show no interest in governance is political
 - a. Apathy
 - b. Negativity
 - c. Positivity
 - d. Inactiveness



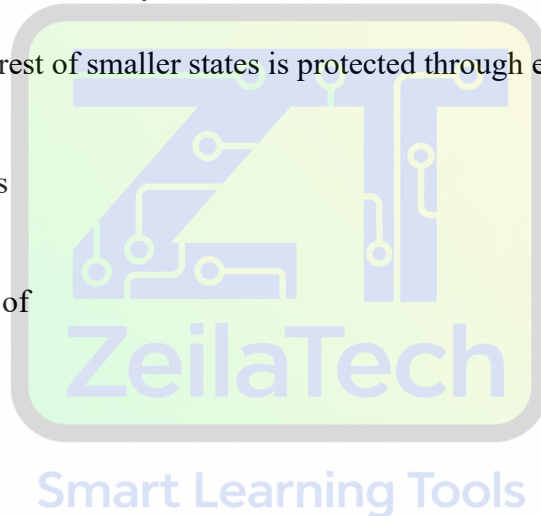
Smart Learning Tools

7. Which of the following practiced totalitarianism?
- Italy, Germany, and Japan
 - Russia, Italy and England
 - Germany, Russia and Japan
 - Italy, Russia and Germany
8. Political sovereignty refers to the
- Electorate
 - Public opinion
 - Political parties
 - The three organs of government
9. The administrative body that enforces law in the state is the
- Legislature
 - Executive
 - Judiciary
 - DOVSSU
10. Which of the following is **not** a condition for the establishment of a unitary state?
- Limited resources
 - Geographical proximity
 - Small size
 - Low population
11. Which of the following unitary states has a bicameral legislature?
- Gambia
 - Italy
 - Ghana
 - Britain
12. In a presidential system of government, the president can constitutionally be removed from office through
- Vote-of-no-confidence
 - Coup d'état
 - Persuasion
 - Impeachment
13. The fundamental principles and conventions by which a country is govern is referred to as
- Rule of law
 - Constitutionalism
 - Constitution
 - customs and conventions

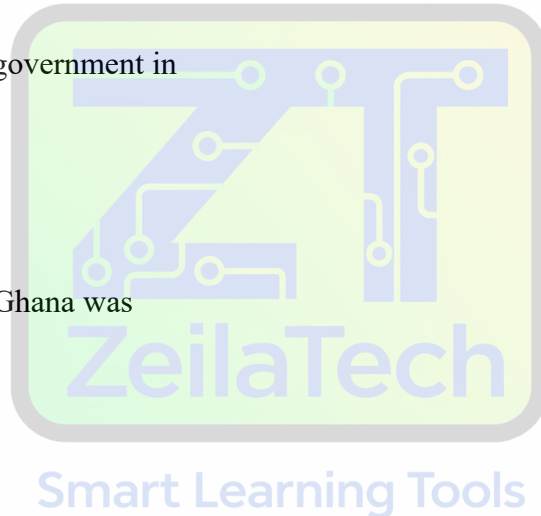
14. Most African states adopted one-party system of government in order to promote
- world peace and unity
 - fundamental human rights
 - national unity and integration
 - competitive politics
15. A person who is denied the right to vote is described as
- insane individual
 - unfranchised
 - disenfranchised
 - non partisan
16. The national secretariat of a political party is usually controlled by the
- council of elders
 - national organizer
 - national chairperson
 - propaganda secretary
17. The term used for a minority member of parliament who swift to join the majority side is
- political transfer
 - political traitor
 - hang parliament
 - cross carpet
18. Which territories in West Africa did the British colonial government exercise limited jurisdiction?
- protectorates
 - conquered states
 - trust territories
 - mandatory territories
19. One major reason for the adoption of indirect rule was that
- British lacked adequate staff for native administration
 - the system was regarded very democratic
 - educated elites were willing to co-operate with the British
 - chiefs were very skillful in the system
20. An officer who is responsible for conducting elections at the constituency level is called
- electoral commissioner
 - polling agents or assistance
 - presiding member
 - returning officer
21. An electoral college is
- a constituency demarcated to favor the incumbent party
 - an elected body who in turn elect an official
 - a college that trains electoral officers
 - group of people supporting the party's agenda

22. One major function the public service commission in Ghana is to
- appoint the head of public service commission
 - carry out orders of the speaker of parliament
 - review salaries and wages of public servant
 - suffocate actions within the civil service
23. The excessive powers of traditional rulers could be checked by the
- priest
 - the children of the chief
 - the farmers and hunters
 - the fore fathers of the chief
24. The laws of the pre-colonial political system of the Akans were
- documented
 - unwritten
 - confederal
 - rigid
25. Nationalism in gold coast began with the formation of the
- west Africa student union (WASU)
 - Aborigines Right Protection Society (ARPS)
 - Fante Confederation
 - National Congress of British West Africa (NCBWA)
26. The struggle of chiefs and the people of west Africa against political, social, and economic dominance by European powers is referred to as
- Colonialism
 - Nationalism
 - Neo-colonialism
 - Imperialism
27. In which of the following countries in Africa was coup d'état first stage?
- Mozambique
 - Ethiopia
 - Egypt
 - Ghana
28. The principal objective of the Organization of Africa Unity (OAU) is to
- Settle disputes among citizens of member states
 - Promote unity and solidarity among member states
 - Offer financial assistance to member states
 - Review cases of highest courts of member states
29. The head of commonwealth is the
- British prime minister
 - British parliament
 - Secretary of state of the colonies
 - The queen of England

30. The republican constitution abolished the post of governor and replaced it with
- President
 - Prime minister
 - Leader of government business
 - Lieutenant governor
31. In Ghana, the administrative heads of the ministries are known as
- Chief directors
 - Minister of state
 - Managing directors
 - Principal secretaries
32. The land bill in 1897 which was introduced in Ghana by the British was opposed by the
- National Liberation Movement
 - National Congress of British West Africa
 - Conventions Peoples Party
 - Aborigines Rights Protection Society
33. In a federal system, the interest of smaller states is protected through equal representation in the
- Senate
 - Cabinet
 - House of Representatives
 - Federal Council of States
34. Judicial review is an aspect of
- Judicial chambers
 - Judicial immunity
 - Checks and balances
 - Court records
35. The military junta that overthrew the Progress Party government
- National Redemption Council (NRC)
 - National Liberation Council (NLC)
 - Provisional National Defence Council (PNDC)
 - Armed Forces Revolutionary Council (AFRC)
36. Decentralization is a common feature of
- Unitary system of government
 - Federal system of government
 - Totalitarian system of government
 - Fascist system of government
37. The principle of **one man, one vote** is normally associated with a
- Democratic government
 - Fascist government
 - Nazi government
 - Totalitarianism



38. When a minister is prosecuted for over speeding, it is an example of
- Fusion of powers
 - Ministerial responsibility
 - Rule of law
 - Parliament of sovereignty
39. Who was the chairman of the committee which investigated the causes of the 1948 riot in Ghana?
- Dr Kwame Nkrumah
 - Dr J.B Danquah
 - Mr. Aitken Watson
 - Sir Gerald Coussey
40. Which of the following colonial constitution first include blacks in the legislative council?
- The 1916 Clifford constitution
 - The 1925 Gordon Guggisberg constitution
 - The 1946 Allan Burns constitution
 - The 1951 Arden Clark constitution
41. Ghana gained internal self-government in
- 1916
 - 1951
 - 1954
 - 1957
42. The first prime minister of Ghana was
- Dr Hilla Limann
 - Prof K. A. Busia
 - Prof. J. E. A. Mills
 - Dr. Kwame Nkrumah
43. A vote of no confidence is a feature of a
- Parliamentary system of government
 - Presidential system of government
 - Unitary system of government
 - Federal system of government
44. The founder of communism is
- General De Gaulle
 - Adolf Hitler
 - Joseph Stalin
 - Karl Max
45. The lowest class of people in the hierarchy of the feudal system of government were the
- Nobles
 - Lords
 - Serfs
 - Masses



46. The sum total of authority in a state unrestrained by any law is referred to as
- Sovereignty
 - Proxy
 - Franchise
 - Constituency
47. How many members of the security council of the United Nations Organization can exercise the veto power?
- Three
 - Four
 - Five
 - Ten
48. The first African secretary general of the U.N.O was
- Boutros Boutros Ghali
 - Kofi Annan
 - Diallo Telli
 - Antonio Guterres
49. One primary objective of the New Partnership for African Development (NEPAD) is to
- Settle dispute among African nations
 - Betray corrupt African leaders
 - Eradicate poverty
 - Protect African citizens
50. Which Ghanaian president first introduced Free Senior High School across the country?
- John Dramani Mahama
 - J. A. Kufour
 - Addo Danquah Akufo Addo
 - John E. Atta Mills

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